

Anticipative Organization

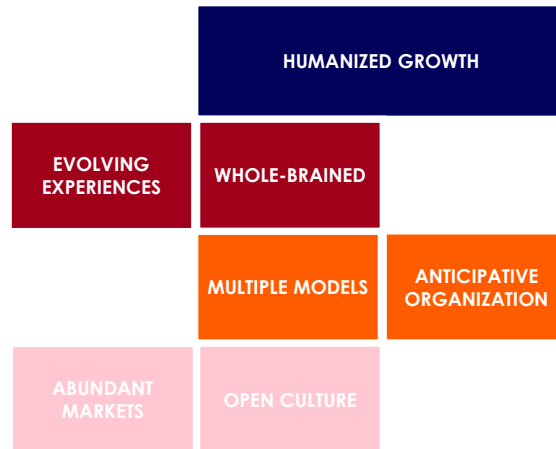
2021



Today's Agenda

- 05'** Introduction
- 20'** Presentation
- 60'** Group work & debrief
- 05'** Close & Next steps

The 7 Building Blocks of Real Growth



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for Real
Growth

These are the seven building blocks. The 'What', the 'How', and the 'Why'.

IRG 100 Roadmap

Why

- 0.1 Personal Introductions
- 0.2 Program and business introductions

- 1.1 Humanized Growth Study
- 1.2 Leading Humanized Growth
- 1.3 Decoding the World
- 1.4 Humanized Growth

- 1.5 Personal Passion & Purpose

- 1.6 Network & Sparring

- Growth Opportunities

Key

- Set-up & Finale
- Core cliniculum
- Leadership
- Sparring
- Milestone
- Feedback

What

- 2.1 Abundant Markets
- 2.2 Multiple Business Models
- 2.3 Evolving Experiences
- 2.4 Da Vinci Growth CMO

- 2.5 Da Vinci CMO Attitudes & behaviours

- 2.6 Network & Sparring

- Growth Ambition

- Growth Ambition Feedback

How

- 3.1 Human-Centric Transformation
- 3.2 Open Culture
- 3.3 Anticipative Organisation
- 3.4 Whole-Brained

- 3.5 Diversity for Growth

- 3.6 Network & Sparring

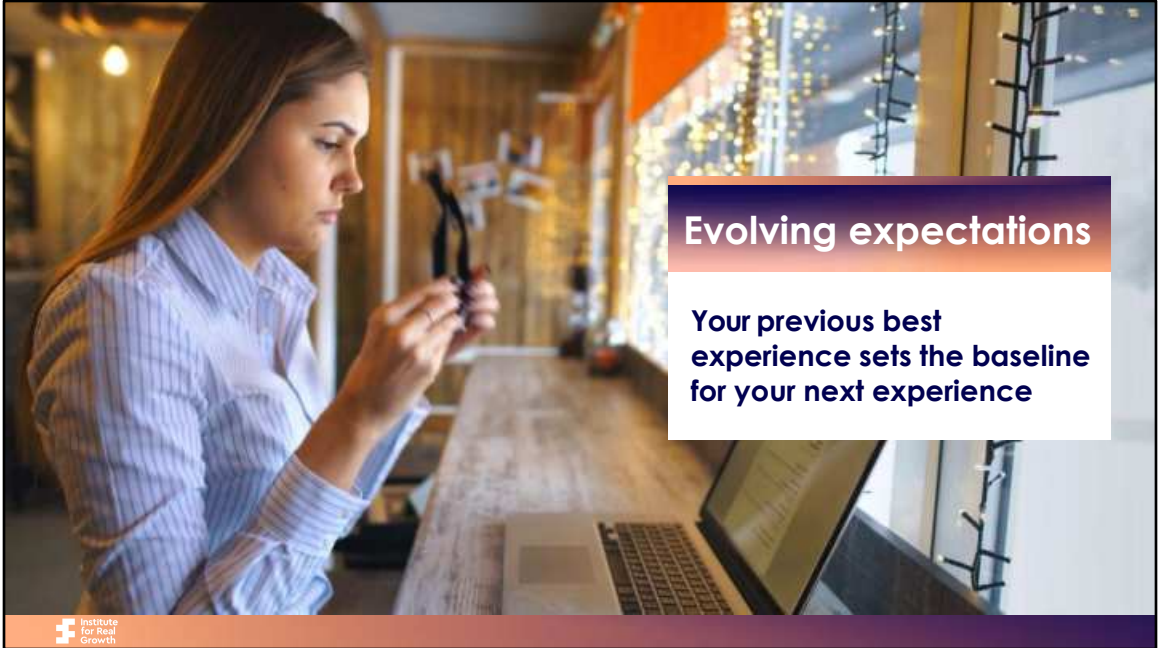
- Growth Plan

- Growth Plan Feedback

- 4.1 The shared growth opportunity

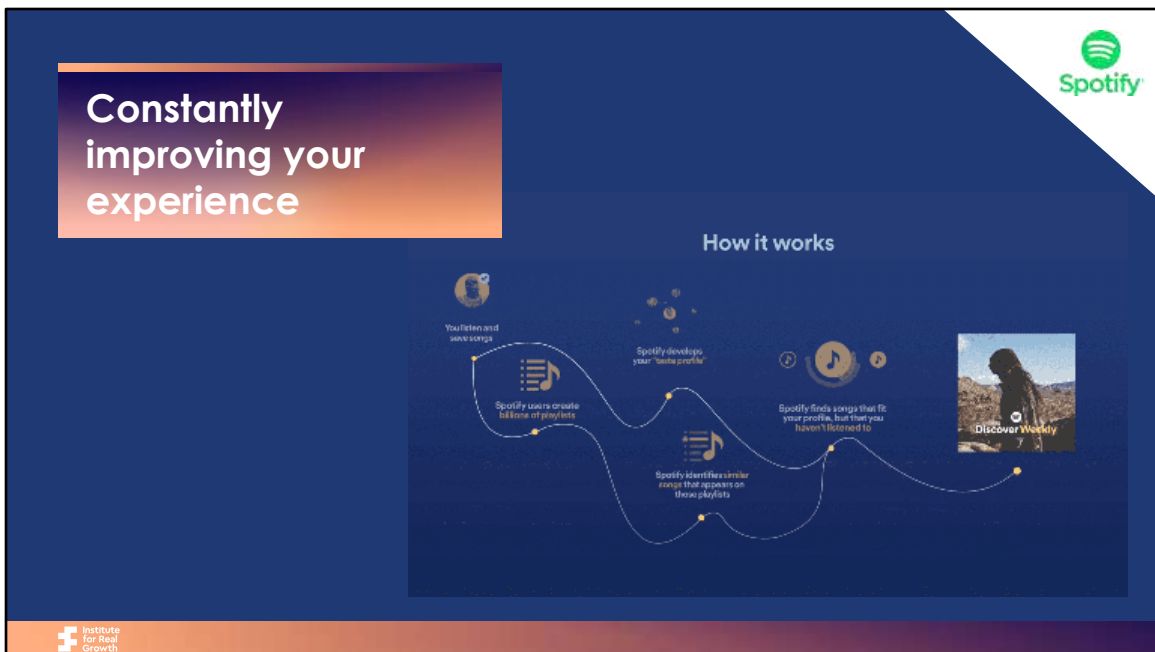
- 4.2 Cannes preparation

- 4.3 Cannes: community & impact



Evolving expectations

**Your previous best
experience sets the baseline
for your next experience**



A great example is Spotify, who were the first to bring the complete music library of the music of the world, then they started adding new features. First, by building all kinds of playlists and allowing you to personalize yours. Then they took it a step further and created 'Discover Weekly', a playlist that offers roughly 80% songs you like to listen to, and then another 20% of songs that fit your algorithm but that you've never listened to before. Somebody told me recently that, "If Discover Weekly were a woman, I'd marry her right away" – talk about surprising and delighting consumers! It just goes to show that Spotify never rests on its laurels.

We've probably all started to use these Discover Weekly playlists, we've all started to rely on them, and we're all probably thinking, "Why aren't the other services doing this for me?" That's what I mean by the customer being 'always beautifully dissatisfied'. To delight in the moment, that's easy. It's nothing special to bring one good idea to the customer. But to remove friction, day after day and year after year, is much more difficult and much more transformational.

Across all touch
points



Requiring a different
perspective
on organization



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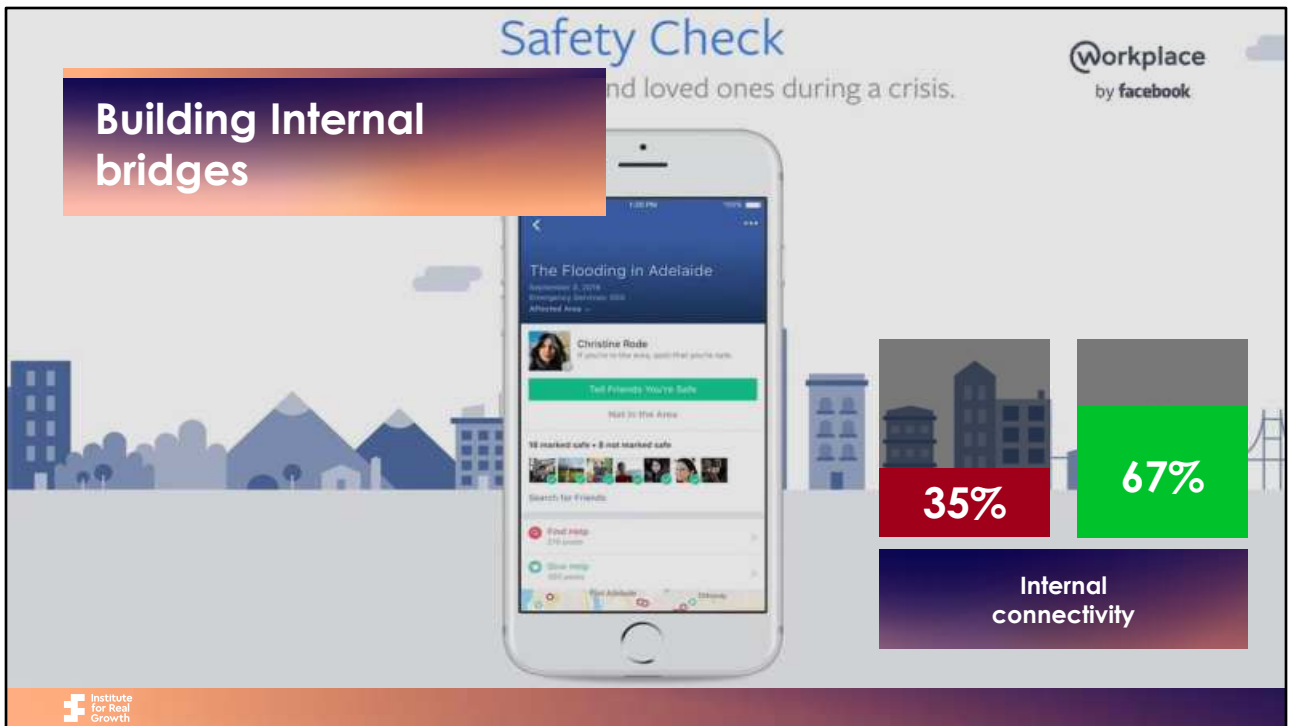
Huge companies often behave like oil tankers, and with a lot of effort they sometimes change their course one degree. And instead of Brazil, they land in Mexico. Now, that's one way to think about how companies can and should behave, but it's quickly going out of date.



Instead, we're seeing more companies act like flocks of birds. Their organizations overperform on working together while maintaining agility. They act like constellations, moving in sync towards an opportunity or around a threat. There's clearly coordination, and a sense of every individual member tailoring their actions based on the same vision as the rest of the group, but there's a fluidity, a sense of anticipation, and an understanding that we're not going to crowd each other out.



When Bain, a consulting firm, asked senior executives of \$5bn+ companies two years ago, “What’s the biggest impediment to growth?” 94% said: “Us. Our internal, dysfunctional organization.” So we thought, let’s not repeat that question. Let’s ask, “Are you any good at actually removing internal barriers to growth?” And guess what? Overperformers are making this important, more so than underperformers, by a huge margin. As we know, when you measure it, you do it. When you make it important, you focus on it. Google has a program called Area 120, which was created when they saw that a wide range of factors impeding their teams from being truly innovative. Do you know what the #1 impediment to growth was, according to their own definition? HR policy. The way people get hired, recognized, and paid. So among other things, in this group, they only have team targets. No individual targets at all. And it was all a result of prioritizing the removal of barriers.



Driving internal connectivity is also a top priority of overperformers. Workplace just makes it easy to communicate with each other – and relate to colleagues differently. It's so easy. It drives a fluid passage of ideas throughout the organization, from the professional to the personal. It's so easy to

achieve, and as you can see,
overperformers make connection
very important.

Across Silos



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Bridging silos is a huge challenge for most organizations.



Across Functions

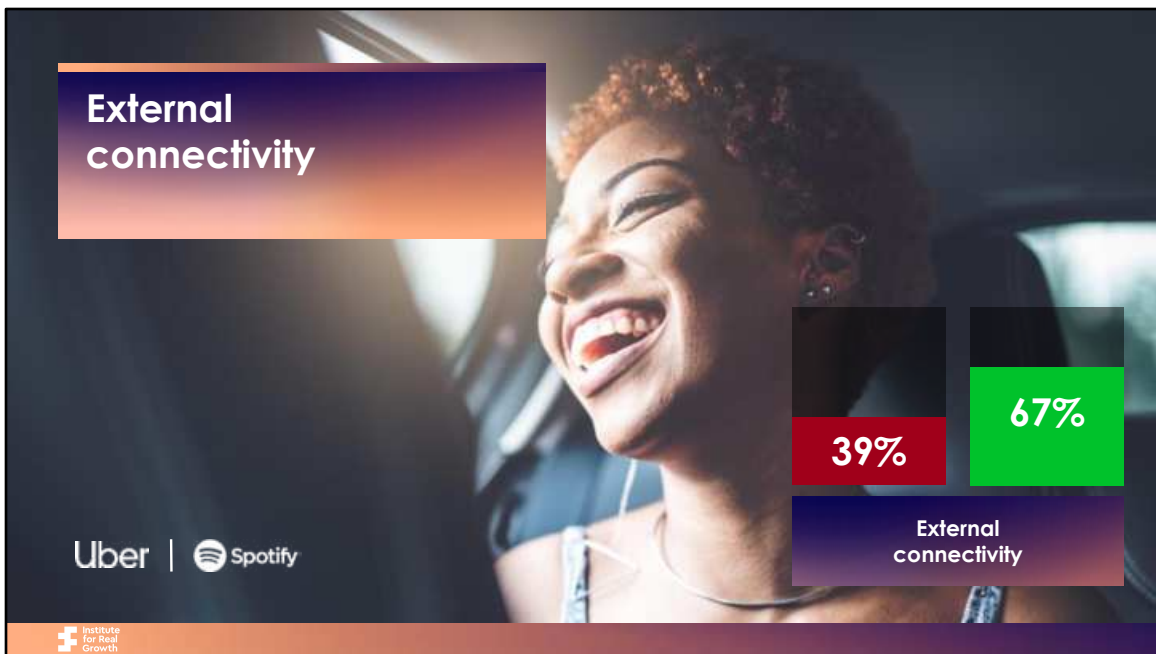
Between sales/marketing and other functions

3.5x
the average of listed companies

And we see those internal bridges being built very effectively by overperformers through our LinkedIn data. Analyzing that data, we found that individual contributors were connected to other internal functions – we're speaking here of HR, IT, finance, and the like – at 3.5 times the average rate.



And individual contributors were connected to their senior leaders – that's directors and above – at 5.5 times the average rate.



And a big part of how you build these open cultures is you connect to partner ecosystems outside your organization. A great example is the collaboration between Uber and Spotify. They had figured out, "Why not link the two? When you sit down in an Uber, why not automatically connect to your own playlist?" It's not rocket science, but they had to proactively pursue a partnership to make it happen. And did I feel better about both brands? You bet I did. Did it cost a lot of money? I doubt it. It's just great marketing and a great experience.

And you know what? This is something we saw reflected very clearly in our LinkedIn data. Employees at over-performing companies have 29% more external connections than those at underperforming companies. So these inspired ideas don't just come from on high. They can come from employees starting conversations with people they know, their connections, their friends at other companies. And we have to take that into account as well.

**This requires
multiple shifts**

Structure

**Roles &
Responsibilities**

Meetings



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Creating an anticipative organization requires multiple shifts.

Structure

FROM

TO

Closed



Open

Open Innovation



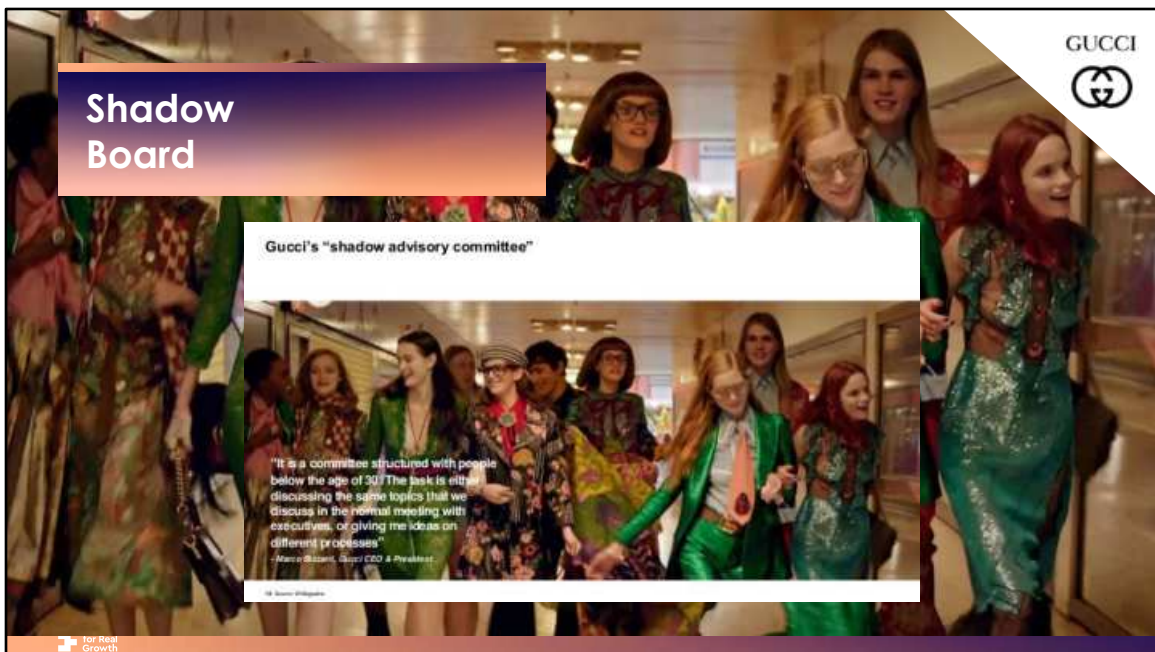
The 'not-invented-here' syndrome is one that afflicts companies around the world – we reject good ideas from external sources because we are so convinced that we somehow know better or that our business is 'different', and the idea is not applicable to us.

In 2000 AG Lafley, the CEO of P&G at the time, challenged his innovation teams to come up with a new model for innovation which would accelerate their innovation rate success (which had stagnated with only 35% of new products meeting their financial objectives). The P&G innovation team realized that despite their

massive resources they would not be able to internally generate new product innovation at a rate that would meet the company's growth objectives – they had to shift from an 'invention' model to a 'proudly found elsewhere' model.

Lafley mandated a goal that 50% of innovations would be acquired outside the company, whilst being clear that this wasn't an attempt to replace the capabilities of the 7500 researchers and support staff working in the company at the time. Lafley said that half of the company's new products would come from P&G's own labs and the other half 'would come through them'. When the team studied outside sources of innovation, they estimated that for every P&G researcher there were 200 scientists or engineers in the world who were just as good – a total of about 1,5 million people whose talents could maximize their opportunities for success.

By 2016 35% of new products in P&G had elements that originated outside the company with the success rate of innovation doubling while overall innovation costs fell. Some of the products developed included Olay Regenerist, Swiffer Dusters and the Crest Spinbrush – all projects delivering 100's of millions of dollars in value.



Gucci, the wildly successful Italian fashion brand, has a shadow committee of employees, all of whom are under 30. The CEO meets with this team periodically to discuss key issues or to solicit advice on how business challenges might be approached differently. Marco Bizzarri, the Gucci CEO, is also known for the lunches that he schedules with individual junior employees where he asks them for 3 ideas that could help improve the company.

In this instance a **‘shadow board’** of younger employees (or external appointees) advises senior management on

specific topics or the general direction of the company.

FROM

TO

Closed



Open

Fixed



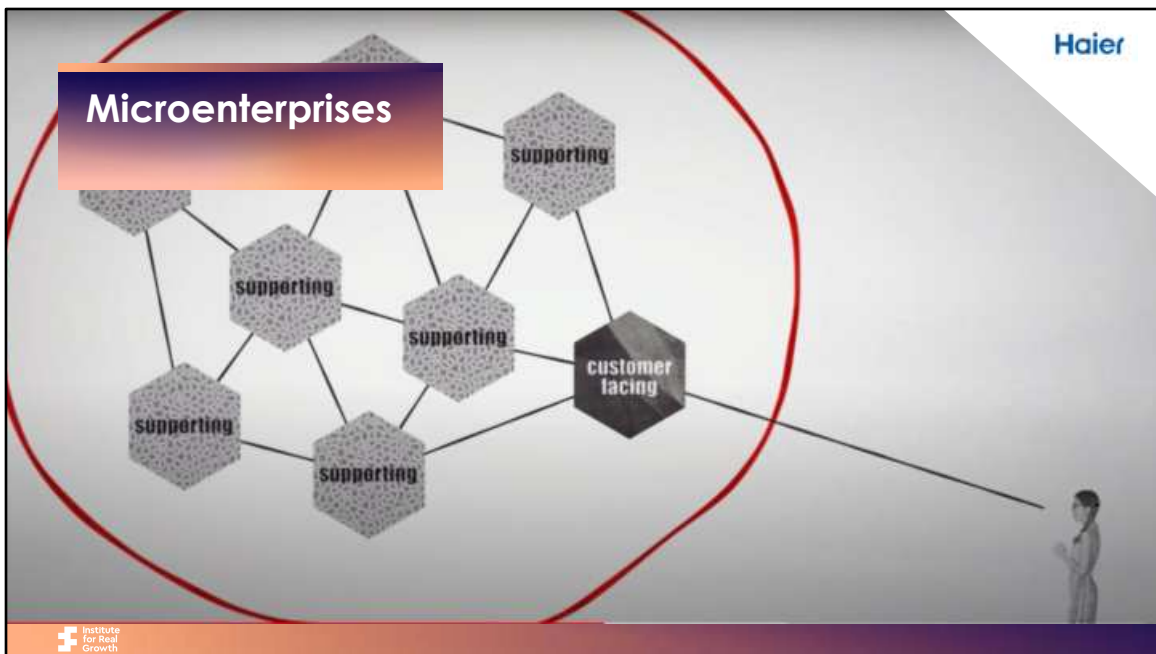
Fluid

Building 'Micro-Battle' teams



What we see in overperformers is that they win the war in micro-battles. They create fit-for-purpose teams that are brought together because they're the right eight people for the job. They work together until their goal is accomplished, and then they disband. Who cares what the RACIs

said? We know who we need – it's these eight people. And then we move onto the next micro-battle.



Haier pulled down the pyramid and created microenterprises, with 10-15 people in each and functioning as a separate business. They contract with one another to deliver services. Each micro enterprise can determine:

- Strategy (opportunities, partnerships)
- People (hiring and firing, selecting leaders)
- Rewards

Roles & Responsibilities



FROM

TO

Hierarchal



Empowered

Mini-CEOs



Gojek is a food delivery service with 30,000 delivery drivers. That's incredible! Since 2010 their business has expanded to seven countries in Southeast Asia, and it's been on the back of a very clear set of principles. At the core of those principles, they make the driver the entrepreneur, or the 'mini-CEO' as the Go-Jek founder likes to call them. Everything is based around, "What do you, the driver, think our opportunity is? And how do you think we can address it?" They've implemented micro-battle teams, where if a driver sees an opportunity to create some value, the company supports it first and questions it afterwards. So these principles define a culture, yes, but also a very practical and actionable way of working.

Random acts of kindness



The staff at Pret a Manger can choose to make a customer's day by giving them a free latte, or tea, or another hot beverage of their choosing - for no apparent reason. Pret has an actual policy called "random acts of kindness ". The policy entitles every Pret a Manger branch to a budget they can use to give away free coffee and food to customers. And keep things grounded: team members are not given extensive guidelines on who they should give freebies

too. It is entirely at their discretion.

The Ritz-Carlton famously empowers its employees to spend up to \$2,000 to solve customer problems without asking for a manager.

FROM

TO

Hierarchal



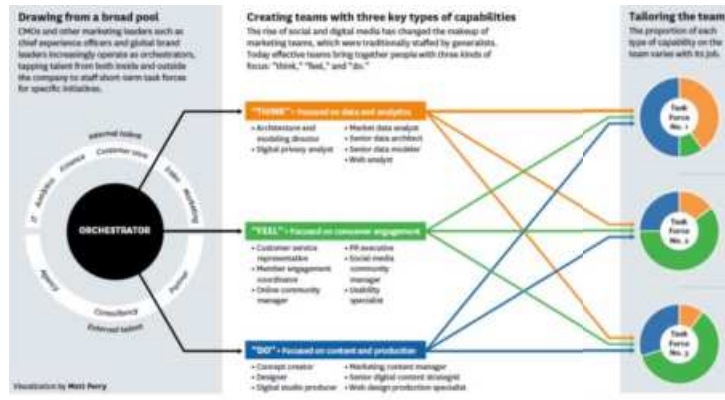
Empowered

Product led



Customer led

THINK, FEEL, DO Teams



The international cable company Liberty Global uses task forces to optimize the customer experience at key engagement points—such as when customers receive a bill. These teams are led by managers from a variety of marketing and nonmarketing functions, have different durations, and draw from each of the three talent pools in different measure.

Fit for purpose

Tailoring the team		How Liberty Global applies the model		
The proportion of each type of capability on the team varies with its job.		To improve customers' experience, the cable service provider Liberty Global set up task forces focused on individual touchpoints. Here's what some of the teams looked like and the results they got.		
TOUCHPOINT	KEY PLAYERS	TEAM MIX	DURATION	RESULTS
Gets set-top box	Leader: Customer care executive Functions involved: IT, network, logistics, customer care, marketing	Thinkers 40% Feelers 10% Doers 50%	One year	Problem: Complex set-top box required too many on-site visits to set up. Solution: Developing remote installation guides and allowing remote installations by customer care agents.
Receives first bill	Leader: Marketing executive Functions involved: Marketing, IT, customer care, billing	Thinkers 15% Feelers 60% Doers 25%	6 months	Problem: Customers found bills frustrating and confusing. Solution: Developing personalized video messages to explain the first bill.
Sees new customer offer	Leader: Marketing executive Functions involved: R&D, IT, network, billing, marketing, customer care	Thinkers 10% Feelers 60% Doers 30%	3 months	Problem: Customer defections peaked when attractive offers were made to new customers. Solution: Extending the same offers to existing customers too, thus simplifying offerings.

The task-force model is both agile and disciplined. It requires a culture in which central leadership is confident that local teams understand the strategy and will collaborate to execute it. This works well only when everyone in the organization is inspired by the brand purpose and is clear about the goals.

FROM

TO

Hierarchal



Empowered

Product led

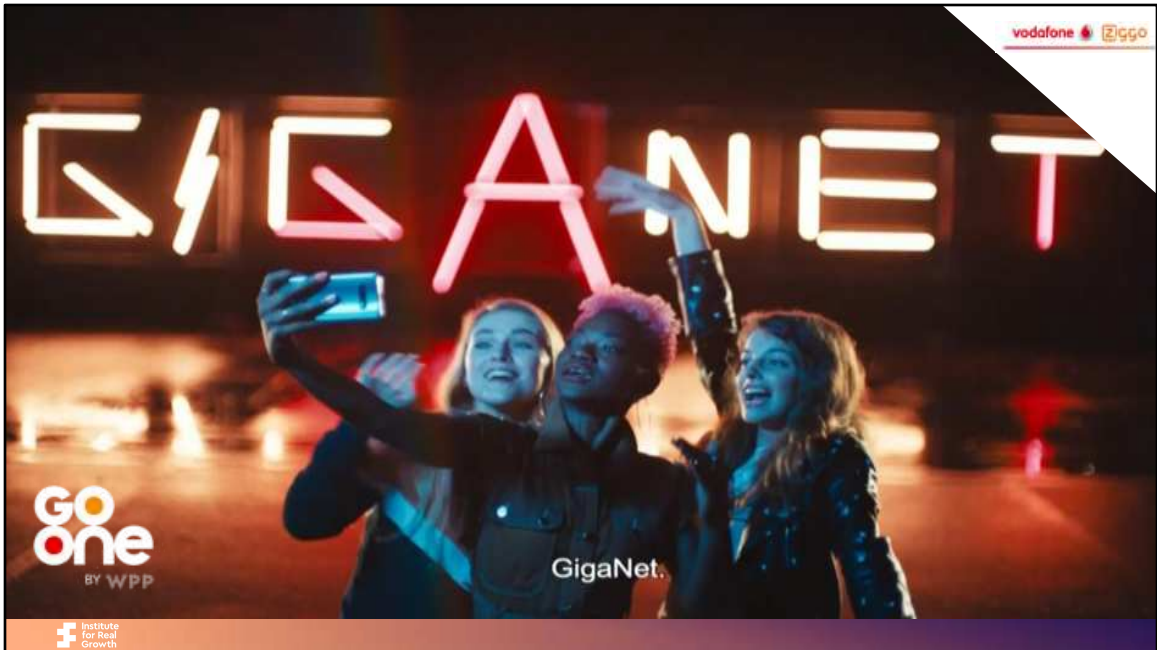


Customer led

Function



Project

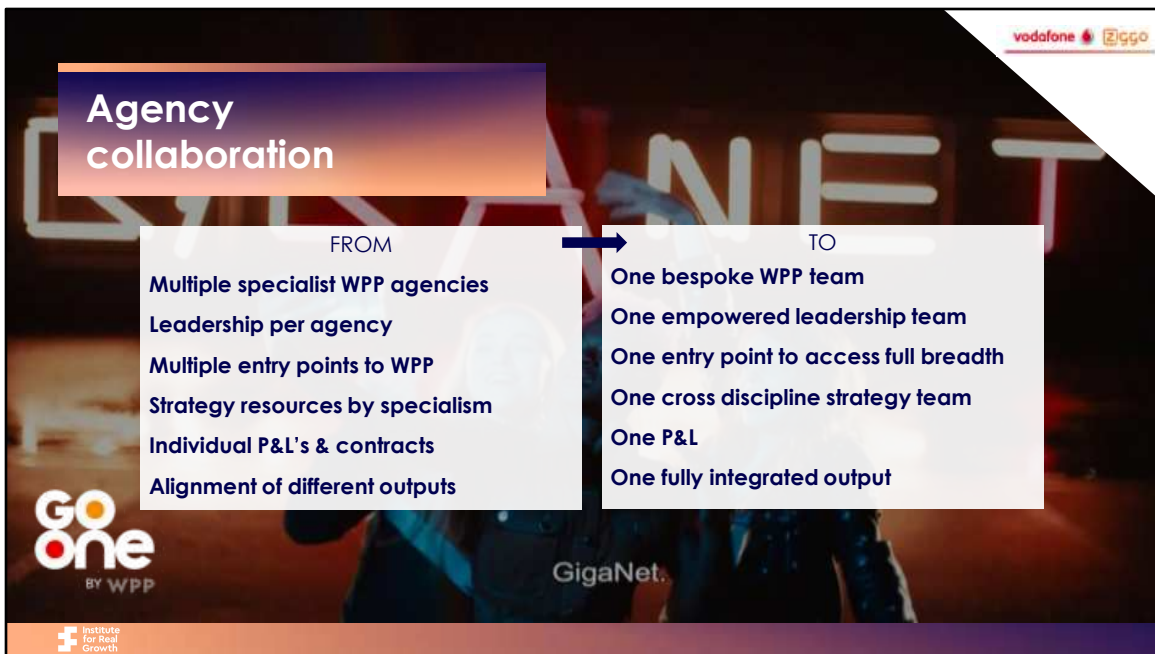


For those who are not familiar, VodafoneZiggo is a joint venture in the Netherlands between Liberty Global, the biggest international TV and broadband company and the Vodafone Group, one of the world's largest telecommunication companies. The joint venture has been highly successful in terms of growth – so much so that it now provides the blueprint for other joint ventures around Europe such as that between O2 and Virgin. However, what's really interesting is the partnership that VodafoneZiggo has created with WPP.

- Organized around customer journey (get – keep – grow)
- Quarterly planning
- Full functional integration internally and with agency

Learning: distinguish between RUN and CHANGE projects

Learning: clarity on business and brand strategy pillars



Most big companies tend to work with multiple agencies but in this instance WPP has created for their client a single bespoke team – a team that doesn't represent a specific agency within the WPP stable rather represents a broad competency in brand strategy and communication – a competency that draws from the skills of multiple different WPP agencies, but which is represented through a single point of contact.

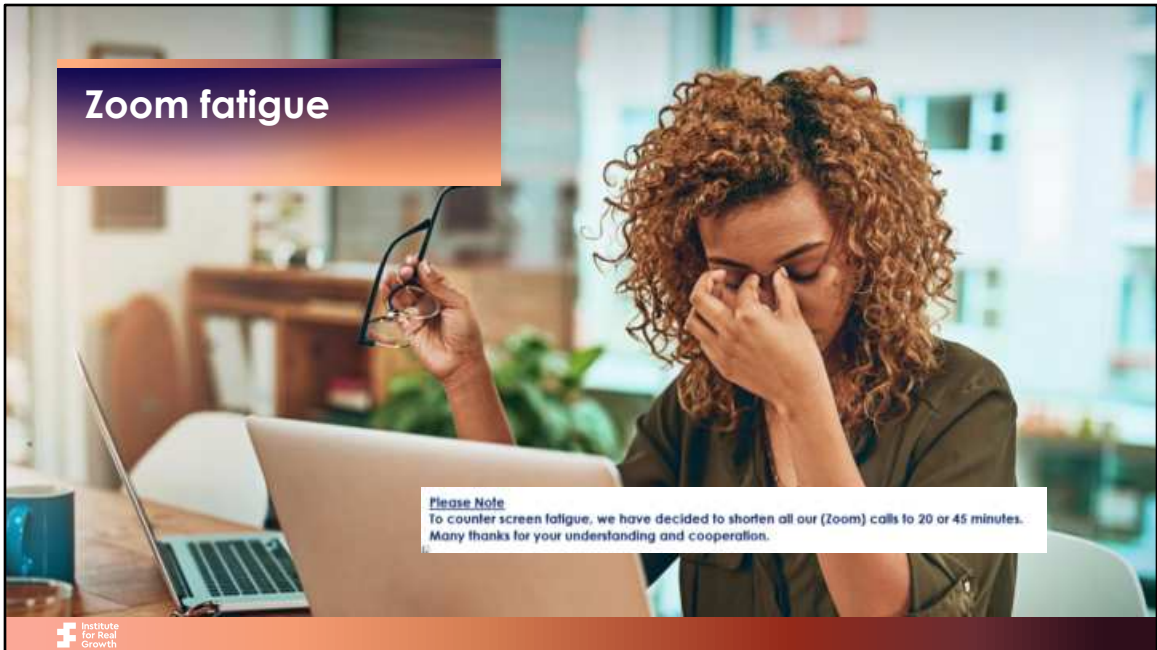
Eliminating hundreds of handovers / inefficiencies
 Contractual agreement: no involvement agency ceo's

It also helps in ensuring that campaigns are properly and easily integrated – instead of the client trying to manage multiple, often competitive agencies they are working with one team who are fully committed to supporting each other.

For WPP it represents a shift from multiple P&L negotiations to a single P&L that allows them to service the client more efficiently. It's a big step forward and by all accounts it's going really well.

Meetings





Professionals lose 31 hours per month in unproductive meetings (roughly four work days)

Research indicates that over 50 percent of meeting time is wasted.

In one study, 73% said they have brought other work to meetings, and 39% say they have dozed during meetings.

FROM

TO

**Update
driven**



**Action
&
decision
oriented**



Startup company Brivo has employees raise a “No Rehash” ping-pong paddle whenever someone brings up a previously discussed topic. “It’s a visual reminder, but more importantly it empowers everyone in the company to call out counterproductive rehashing whenever and wherever they see it,” said Brivo president and CEO Steve Van Till to Fast Company. “The big-time savings is that no one has to justify invoking the rule itself, and the meeting can proceed with earlier decisions intact.”

Forced preparation

Memo

To: Members of the Compulsory School Board
From: Tony Peckley
CC: Public School Administrators
Date: 24 Feb 2009
Re: Recommendations for Bridging the Digital Divide

A Recommendation for Bridging the Digital Divide Within the Compulsory Public School System

Defining and exploring the effects of the "Digital Divide"

In one sense, the "digital divide" (later here referred to as "the divide") can be summarized as the gap existing between those that have access to technology based resources such as computers and internet service. Furthermore, our summary of the divide may include the ability to utilize such technology based resources and the efforts made (or not made) to increase this ability. The National Center for Educational Statistics reports that 98 percent of schools and 77 percent of instructional rooms have computers and internet access. However, many classrooms and important educational products are not connected, leaving those students deprived of excellent internet based resources. (International Society for Technology in Education, 2006). As you can see from **Table 1** on the following page, the divide is quite real and perhaps larger than you may have expected. In bridging this divide, we must first recognize the need and then labor to find means of overcoming the division between those who are "in the know" in regards to technology and its applications and those who are not. With this perspective and approach we can overcome the horrible effects of the divide, namely in our case students being left behind and in general societal disadvantages as we proceed into the technological age.

"Bridging" the Divide

Following are three recommendations I would like to respectfully propose to this school board members in an effort to overcome the divide within our very own school district. First I would recommend a focus on building an adequate infrastructure of hardware and networking (or internet connecting) systems as kind of a foundation in which to build our improvements.

1

The most famous is probably the Amazon approach where each attendee has to spend the first 30 minutes of any meeting silently reading a 6-page structured memo about the topic of the meeting before any discussion starts - Bezos has said this is the smartest thing they've ever done

FROM

TO

Informing



**Action &
decision**

Siloed



**Cross-
functional**

Leadership

Your role





If you are going to seriously apply an approach such as the Open Innovation concept we've just discussed, it needs proper funding to put the right people and budgets in place to ensure that you find the best external partners.

The Nestle Digital Acceleration Team (DAT) is a good example of this. Amongst other things the DAT operates an open innovation platform called Henri that enables collaboration with external entrepreneurs, businesses or partners. It is essentially a way for Nestlé to find solutions to existing problems much faster.

A recent initiative aimed to help consumers stick to recommended portion sizes of a Nestle chocolate cookie brand. External applications ranged from app developers to design agencies, involving a wide range of product and even psychological-based solutions.



The process works far better if you are able to share broad problems rather than just asking for specific inputs. Doing things this way helps increase the pool of likely collaborators as they can come from multiple disciplines and also ensures that contributors feel more bought-in to the overall success of the project rather than just their specific contribution.

Shared success metrics



Using your muscle as the senior partner to ‘screw’ your collaborators is likely to doom you in the long run. You need to really understand what potential partners want out of the relationship and what you are looking for.

Establish and agree these early on and be completely transparent when discussing progress against those metrics. Remember that it usually isn’t only financing that innovators are looking for – they often need your expertise in specific areas- be absolutely committed to providing all resources that can make the partnership a success.



Don't assume that by creating a partnering team or hosting a hackathon that your job is done. If you can role model the right behaviours - by being curious, by going out of your way to meet with potential partners, by continually exposing yourself to new ideas and being open to ideas from anywhere in the ecosystem you create the pre-conditions for that kind of behaviour to flourish in your organization. Remember, that being a curious and agile learner and being connected and collaborative are 2 of the key characteristics of a da Vinci CMO



We are huge fans of what have been called ‘little bets’. The marketing team needs to be the one part of the organization where experimentation should thrive. In the volatile environment in which we operate we cannot make keep making changes in direction whenever a new media opportunity or technology breakthrough emerges. But it is critical that we are continually experimenting with these new opportunities to see if they are valuable enough to roll out across the brands/organization.



Yes, spending days wandering around trade shows like CES in Las Vegas can be tedious and grueling (we speak from experience!) but those serendipitous encounters with companies and ideas can be transformational. To quote William Gibson 'The future is already here. It's just not evenly distributed yet'. It's only by being out there and networking like crazy that you will be likely to stumble on the future before your competitors do.

Champion all stakeholders



**Colleague
Value**



**Customer
Value**



**Community
Value**



**Capital Market
Value**



And make sure to serve the (long term) interests of all your stakeholders

Exercise

How Anticipative your organization?

What are the blockers, and how can you tackle them?

What are enablers, and how can you promote them?

What can you do to lead by example?



05 min

Exercise

In Groups:

Discuss the questions posed.

Select 3 blockers and 3 enablers for organizations to be more Open and Anticipative

 **45 min**



Live Poll

Deepdives



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1- Making your marketing organization agile: A step-by-step guide, by David Edelman, Jason Heller, and Steven Spittaels

Today's organizations need to be flexible and agile, to survive. This article from McKinsey outlines how to achieve agility in your marketing organization.

2- In the Ecosystem Economy, What's your Strategy? By Michale G Jacobides

Business is undergoing a paradigm shift, the nature of competition has changed, and the ecosystem economy is here to stay. This article shares 5 questions you should ask yourself to shift from rigid strategies and frameworks, to more dynamism and collaboration.

3- Large company innovation gone wrong: Kashi vs. Kellogg's

One tried and tested way for large organizations to become more innovative, is to buy it. But beware - if mismanaged, you will destroy value, rather than create it. This short case outlining the acquisition of Kashi by Kellogg's will help you know what NOT to do.

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 Growth Ambition

 Growth Ambition Feedback

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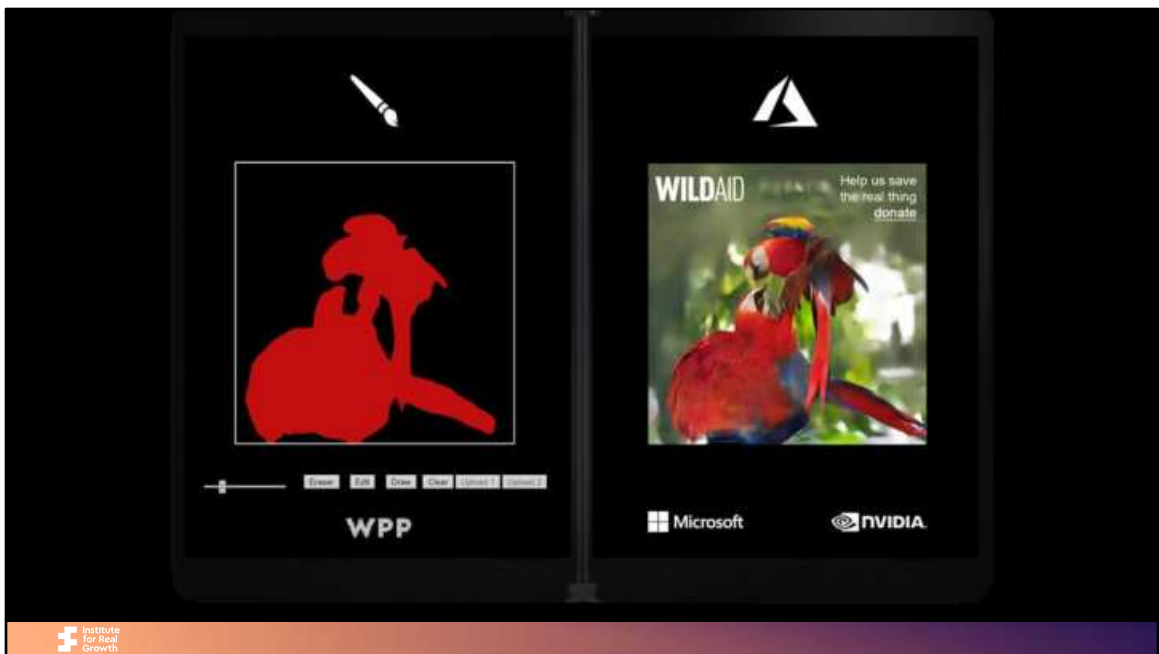
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Human

AI, ATTRACTIVENESS +

Attractive

Humanizing Growth Series

Diego Scotti
Chief Marketing Officer



Friday May 07
9 AM EDT | 2 PM EDT | 10 PM CDT

verizon

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Moderated by Dr. Christopher Moore with Dr. Barbara Stewart

Lorraine Twohill
Chief Marketing Officer



Friday May 21
9 AM EDT | 2 PM EDT | 10 PM CDT

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Marc Pritchard
Chief Brand Officer



Friday June 11
9 AM EDT | 2 PM EDT | 10 PM CDT

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Ramon Laguarta
Chairman & CEO



Friday June 18
9 AM EDT | 2 PM EDT | 10 PM CDT

PEPSICO

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Maarten Wetselaar
Integrated Gas, Refining & Chemicals
Strategic Planning Director



Friday June 25
9 AM EDT | 2 PM EDT | 10 PM CDT

Shell

[Register Now](#)
Moderated by Dr. Christopher Moore with Dr. Barbara Stewart

See you next week!